whom enrollees may obtain services; any out-of network coverage; any point-of-service option, including the supplemental premium for that option; and how the M+C organization meets the requirements of §§ 422.112 and 422.114 for access to services offered under the plan.

- (4) *Out-of-area coverage*. Out-of-area coverage provided by the plan.
- (5) *Emergency coverage*. Coverage of emergency services, including—
- (i) Explanation of what constitutes an emergency, referencing the definitions of emergency services and emergency medical condition at §422.2;
- (ii) The appropriate use of emergency services, stating that prior authorization cannot be required:
- (iii) The process and procedures for obtaining emergency services, including use of the 911 telephone system or its local equivalent; and
- (iv) The locations where emergency care can be obtained and other locations at which contracting physicians and hospitals provide emergency services and post-stabilization care included in the M+C plan.
- (6) Supplemental benefits. Any mandatory or optional supplemental benefits and the premium for those benefits.
- (7) Prior authorization and review rules. Prior authorization rules and other review requirements that must be met in order to ensure payment for the services. The M+C organization must instruct enrollees that, in cases where noncontracting providers submit a bill directly to the enrollee, the enrollee should not pay the bill, but submit it to the M+C organization for processing and determination of enrollee liability, if any.
- (8) Grievance and appeals procedures. All grievance and appeals rights and procedures.
- (9) Quality assurance program. A description of the quality assurance program required under § 422.152.
- (10) Disenrollment rights and responsibilities.
- (c) Disclosure upon request. Upon request of an individual eligible to elect an M+C plan, an M+C organization must provide to the individual the following information:
- (1) The information required under §422.64(c).

- (2) The procedures the organization uses to control utilization of services and expenditures.
- (3) The number of disputes, and the disposition in the aggregate, in a manner and form described by the Secretary. Such disputes shall be categorized as
- (i) Grievances according to §422.564; and
- (ii) Appeals according to $\S422.578$ et. seq.
- (4) A summary description of the method of compensation for physicians.
- (5) Financial condition of the M+C organization, including the most recently audited information regarding, at least, a description of the financial condition of the M+C organization offering the plan.
- (d) Changes in rules. If an M+C organization intends to change its rules for an M+C plan, it must:
- (1) Submit the changes for HCFA review under the procedures of § 422.80.
- (2) For changes that take effect on January 1, notify all enrollees by the previous October 15.
- (3) For all other changes, notify all enrollees at least 30 days before the intended effective date of the changes.
- (e) Changes to provider network. The M+C organization must make a good faith effort to provide written notice of a termination of a contracted provider within 15 working days of receipt or issuance of a notice of termination, as described in §422.204(c)(4), to all enrollees who are patients seen on a regular basis by the provider whose contract is terminating, irrespective of whether the termination was for cause or without cause. When a contract termination involves a primary care professional, all enrollees who are patients of that primary care professional must also be notified.

[63 FR 35077, June 26, 1998, as amended at 64 FR 7980, Feb. 17, 1999]

§ 422.112 Access to services.

(a) Rules for coordinated care plans and network M+C MSA plans. An M+C organization that offers an M+C coordinated care plan or network M+C MSA plan may specify the networks of providers from whom enrollees may obtain

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services if the M+C organization ensures that all covered services, including additional or supplemental services contracted for by (or on behalf of) the Medicare enrollee, are available and accessible under the plan. To accomplish this, the M+C organization must meet the following requirements:

- (1) Provider network. Maintain and monitor a network of appropriate providers that is supported by written agreements and is sufficient to provide adequate access to covered services to meet the needs of the population served. These providers are typically utilized in the network as primary care providers (PCPs), specialists, hospitals, skilled nursing facilities, home health agencies, ambulatory clinics, and other providers.
- (2) *PCP panel*. Establish a panel of PCPs from which the enrollee may select a PCP.
- (3) Specialty care. Provide or arrange for necessary specialty care, and in particular give women enrollees the option of direct access to a women's health specialist within the network for women's routine and preventive health care services provided as basic benefits (as defined in §422.2), notwithstanding that the M+C organization maintains a PCP or some other means for continuity of care.
- (4) Serious medical conditions. Ensure that for each plan, the M+C organization has in effect HCFA-approved procedures that enable the M+C organization, through appropriate health care professionals, to—
- (i) Identify individuals with complex or serious medical conditions;
- (ii) Assess those conditions, and use medical procedures to diagnose and monitor them on an ongoing basis; and
- (iii) Establish and implement a treatment plan that—
- (A) Is appropriate to those conditions:
- (B) Includes an adequate number of direct access visits to specialists consistent with the treatment plan;
- (C) Is time-specific and updated periodically; and
- (D) Ensures adequate coordination of care among providers.
- (5) Service area expansion. If seeking a service area expansion for an M+C plan, demonstrate that the number and

type of providers available to plan enrollees are sufficient to meet projected needs of the population to be served.

- (6) Credentialed providers. Demonstrate to HCFA that its providers in an M+C plan are credentialed through the process set forth at § 422.204(a).
- (7) *Written standards*. Establish written standards for the following:
- (i) Timeliness of access to care and member services that meet or exceed standards established by HCFA. Timely access to care and member services within a plan's provider network must be continuously monitored to ensure compliance with these standards, and the M+C organization must take corrective action as necessary.
- (ii) Policies and procedures (coverage rules, practice guidelines, payment policies, and utilization management) that allow for individual medical necessity determinations.
- (iii) Provider consideration of beneficiary input into the provider's proposed treatment plan.
 - (8) Hours of operation. Ensure that-
- (i) The hours of operation of its M+C plan providers are convenient to the population served under the plan and do not discriminate against Medicare enrollees; and
- (ii) Plan services are available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, when medically necessary.
- (9) Cultural considerations. (i) Ensure that services are provided in a culturally competent manner to all enrollees, including those with limited English proficiency or reading skills, diverse cultural and ethnic backgrounds, and physical or mental disabilities.
- (ii) Provide coverage for emergency and urgent care services in accordance with paragraph (c) of this section.
- (b) Rules for all M+C organizations to ensure continuity of care. The M+C organization must ensure continuity of care and integration of services through arrangements that include, but are not limited to the following—
- (1) Policies that specify under what circumstances services are coordinated and the methods for coordination;
- (2) Offering to provide each enrollee with an ongoing source of primary care and providing a primary care source to each enrollee who accepts the offer;

- (3) Programs for coordination of plan services with community and social services generally available through contracting or noncontracting providers in the area served by the M+C plan, including nursing home and community-based services; and
- (4) Procedures to ensure that the M+C organization and its provider network have the information required for effective and continuous patient care and quality review, including procedures to ensure that—
- (i) The M+C organization makes a "best-effort" attempt to conduct an initial assessment of each enrollee's health care needs, including following up on unsuccessful attempts to contact an enrollee, within 90 days of the effective date of enrollment;
- (ii) Each provider, supplier, and practitioner furnishing services to enrollees maintains an enrollee health record in accordance with standards established by the M+C organization, taking into account professional standards; and
- (iii) There is appropriate and confidential exchange of information among provider network components.
- (5) Procedures to ensure that enrollees are informed of specific health care needs that require follow-up and receive, as appropriate, training in self-care and other measures they may take to promote their own health; and
- (6) Systems to address barriers to enrollee compliance with prescribed treatments or regimens.
- (c) Special rules for all M+C organizations for emergency and urgently needed services—(1) Coverage. The M+C organization covers emergency and urgently needed services—
- (i) Regardless of whether the services are obtained within or outside the M+C organization; and
- (ii) Without required prior authorization.
- (2) Financial responsibility. The M+C organization may not deny payment for a condition—
- (i) That is an emergency medical condition as defined in §422.2; or
- (ii) For which a plan provider or other M+C organization representative instructs an enrollee to seek emergency services within or outside the plan.

- (3) Stabilized condition. The physician treating the enrollee must decide when the enrollee may be considered stabilized for transfer or discharge, and that decision is binding on the M+C organization.
- (4) Limits on charges to enrollees. For emergency services obtained outside the M+C plan's provider network, the M+C organization may not charge the enrollee more than \$50 or what it would charge the enrollee if he or she obtained the services through the M+C organization, whichever is less.

[64 FR 7980, Feb. 17, 1999]

§ 422.114 Access to services under an M+C private fee-for-service plan.

- (a) Sufficient access. (1) An M+C organization that offers an M+C private feefor-service plan must demonstrate to HCFA that it has sufficient number and range of providers willing to furnish services under the plan.
- (2) HCFA finds that an M+C organization meets the requirement in paragraph (a)(1) of this section if, with respect to a particular category of health care providers, the M+C organization has—
- (i) Payment rates that are not less than the rates that apply under original Medicare for the provider in question:
- (ii) Contracts or agreements with a sufficient number and range of providers to furnish the services covered under the M+C private fee-for-service plan; or
- (iii) A combination of paragraphs (a)(2)(i) and (a)(2)(ii) of this section.
- (b) Freedom of choice. M+C fee-forservice plans must permit enrollees to obtain services from any entity that is authorized to provide services under Medicare Part A and Part B and agrees to provide services under the terms of the plan.

§ 422.118 Confidentiality and accuracy of enrollee records.

For any medical records or other health and enrollment information it maintains with respect to enrollees, an M+C organization must establish procedures to do the following:

(a) Safeguard the privacy of any information that identifies a particular enrollee. Information from, or copies